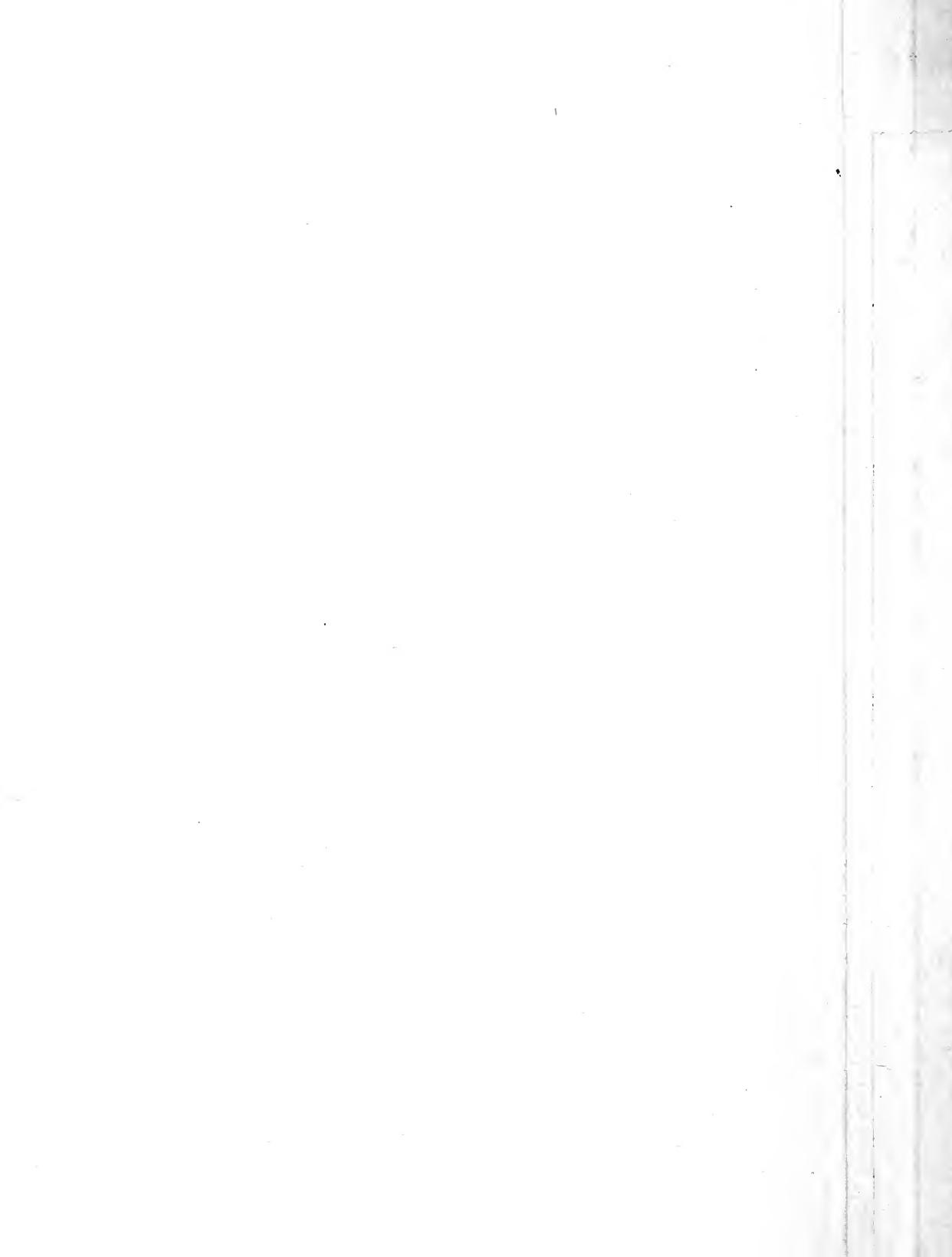


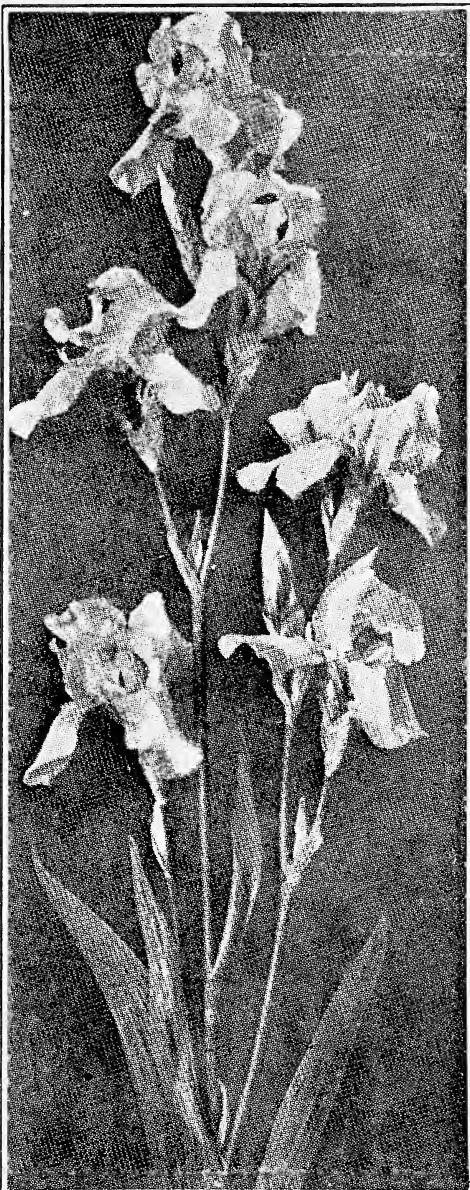
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62.91

1922



Iris Dimity (see p. 18).

"Iris"

MESSENGER of the Gods; the radiant maiden divinity on golden wings bringing down from Heaven the many-hued rainbow into our Gardens.

—Greek Mythology.

*"Let me hear from thee;
For wheresoe'er thou art in this
world's globe,
I'll have an IRIS that shall find
thee out."*

—Shakespeare.

O. M. PUDOR, Iris Specialist
Puyallup, Washington, U. S. A.

An Appreciation

REALIZING the difficult task of properly grouping, classifying and describing over two hundred varieties of Irises, some seventy-five of them being very recent, foreign introductions, many of which have never bloomed in this country as yet, I was compelled, in order to do justice to this comprehensive catalog, to look about for some efficient and experienced assistance, and received this help—more liberally given than I had anticipated—from the hands of R. Wallace & Co., of Tunbridge Wells, whose scheme of grouping and classifying Irises appealed to me in every way, and whose plan I was given unrestricted permission to follow if I so chose. The photographs appearing in this catalog of some of the newest and finest Irises, were also loaned me by this liberal-minded firm, and my sincere appreciation and thanks are being hereby expressed.

O. M. PUDOR.

Puyallup, Washington,
January, 1922.

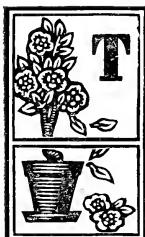
Irises

Varieties For the Garden

A VALUABLE TREATISE

BY

A. J. BLISS



O SELECT the best dozen Irises is far too hard a task—and why a dozen? The Rose Society (England) gives a selection of 200 distinct varieties and the possibilities of color and form in the Iris are much greater than in the Rose. A representative collection of Irises to include a bare minimum of the best, could hardly number less than 100. I grow 60 varieties, besides my own seedlings, all of which are distinct as garden flowers and have special excellence in one or more characters, or combination of characters, indispensable for breeding. In addition, I have 20 American seedlings not yet flowered, many of which will certainly prove to be acquisitions, and there are also another 10 or 20 European varieties of merit which I have not yet sampled.

Here, then, is a list of some 40 (not including any of my own seedlings), all of which are worthy of a place in any collection, however large or small. To facilitate comparison

and to suit gardens of different sizes, they may be separated into three groups—

1 The Older Standard Varieties	2 Newer and Distinct Varieties	3 The Finest and Most Recent Varieties
Aurea (or Mrs. Neubronner	Alcazar Archeveque	Ambassadeur Anne Page
Flavescens	*Dalmarius	Asia
Innocenza	Iris King	Crusader
Jacquesiana	Lady Foster	Dalila
Mme. Chereau	*Mercedes	Ed. Michel
*Maori King	Monsignor	Isoline
Pall. Dalm. Prin. Beatrice	Hermione Oriflamme	Lord of June Magnifica
Perfection	*Ossian	Mlle. Schwartze
Queen of May	Prosper Laugier	Miranda
*Sybil	Mrs. Alan Gray	Prospero
*Thorbeck		Rhein Nixe
Mrs. H. Darwin		Troost

(Varieties marked * I do not grow.—O. M. P.)

Most of these are strong growers, of good constitution and exceptionally free-flowering, and all but one or two are at least reliable and regular flowers, that is, they can be relied on to give some flowers every year. These are indispensable qualities without which no Iris deserves a place in a general list of the best.

Those in Group 1 are comparatively old and long established varieties, but though some may be challenged in some one point, such as size or form, by newer varieties, none are yet superseded and some are still unrivaled. **Aurea** and **Mrs. Neubronner** are practically identical for garden purposes, and as yet there is no other of this color—a rich chrome-yellow self. **Flavescens** is still indispensable for even the choicest collection, though some of Miss Sturtevant's self yellow Pallidas of Shekinah type will probably supersede it eventually. **Innocenza**, a cream-white, is distinct in tone and habit from any other white. **Jacquesiana**, with its bright and almost crimson falls, I prefer as a border flower to **Prosper Laugier**, though the flowers of the latter are larger and of finer form. **Mme. Chereau** is still the best Plicata of its color type for height and habit. **Maori King**, though dwarf, is the richest and clearest colored variegata, rivaled only by **Marsh Marigold**. **Mrs. H. Darwin**, though the form of its flowers is shocking, from its freedom of flowering and good habit, is still the best white for massing and general border effect. **Perfection**, with its deep indigo velvety falls and

exceptional freedom, vigor and good habit, still holds its own. **Queen of May**, though not quite so free as most, is still the nearest to a clear rose-pink. **Sybil** is almost a rose amoëna, but with a trace of pink in the standards and some yellow in the falls, and still, I think, the best of this type. **Thorbeck** is not a strong grower (none of the amoënas with deep, solid colored falls are), but it is a reliable, though not free flowerer, and a variety of striking contrasts. I know of no rival except **Tristram** or **Richard II**.

In Group 2, **Alcazar**, with its tall and widely branching habit, makes probably the finest specimen clump of any Iris, but the coloring is a little sombre. **Dalmarius** is a most vigorous grower and exceptionally free flowering, the flowers, though not large, are of good form, and it would deserve a higher place but for the faint gray tone of its very pale flowers. **Hermione** is a Trojana hybrid of the same type as **Caterina** or **Morwell**, with flowers of the same fine form and lustrous or satiny surface, but the color is distinct, being pink-toned and rather more bi-color. It is a very strong grower and exceptionally free flowering. **Iris King**, though talled and stronger than **Maori King**, lacks the rich and clear coloring of the latter, the standards of **Iris King** being a brassy tone of yellow. **Lady Foster** is a magnificent Iris of large size and fine form, but it is not a free flowerer, and is of somewhat uncertain constitution. **Mercedes**, though dwarf, has flowers of good form and most beautiful coloring—a cream ground Plicata with veined and spotted margins of mauve, lilac, rose and sepia. **Monsignor** is notable for its fine form and good substance and the rich, velvety coloring of its falls, that is so generally associated with substance. **Oriflamme** is impressive for the size of its flowers, but they are not of the best form. **Ossian** is a very bright colored variegata with light yellow standards, free flowering and of very good habit. **Mrs. Alan Gray** is a favorite with many for its color, but the texture of the flowers is comparatively thin, as with most Cengialti hybrids.

It is difficult to restrict the first two groups to a dozen each; it is quite impossible for Group 3; for though the qualifications for entry are of the highest, it is a group open to the infinite possibilities of the future. Vilmorin's **Ambassadeur** and **Magnifica** need no comment; the flowers are of fine form and the largest size, the plants are vigorous with tall and strong stems, and if they are not quite so free flowering as some, that is hardly to be expected. Hort's **Anne Page** is a magnificent Trojana hybrid bi-color, the finest yet raised, tall, free flowering and strong growing. Yeld's **Asia**, the latest and finest of his seedlings, belongs to that intermediate type between Trojana—Pallida and Squalens, in which ther eare great possibilities yet in store.

The large flowers are of fine form and great substance, borne on tall, stout stems, it is free flowering, and like all of Mr. Yeld's seedlings, the plants are of exceptional strength and vigor. **Prospero** is somewhat similar in type, but nearer Trojana, and his well known **Lord of June** is apparently a pure Trojana-Pallida. Foster's **Crusader** is unfortunately somewhat shy and the flower segments are rather long and narrow, but the rich blue tone of the coloring is unique. **Edouard Michel**, though not free, is a reliable and regular flowerer and still unsurpassed in size and form of flower for this type of color—a self claret. **Isoline** is also not so free as one could wish, and the form of the flowers heavy and unbalanced, but the coloring is most beautiful and as yet unmatched. Denis' **Mlle. Schwartz** demonstrates that it is, after all, possible to combine large flowers on tall and branching stems with exceptional freedom and vigorous growth. In color it is a clear, fresh, pale lavender-blue. **Troost** is remarkable for its color, a self raspberry-rose, as also for its large flowers and free flowering. The color is unique, and for this reason I think it is perhaps M. Denis' best seedling. **Dalila**, a "red" amœna with cream-white standards and purple-crimson falls, is always one of the most conspicuous Irises in a garden, and is exceptionally free. Hort's **Miranda** is a remarkable variety with tall, rather slender stems and large, self-colored flowers of a rich, deep violet-purple. The flowers have a similar appearance to those of Cengialti hybrids, but it is a seedling of **Mandraliscae**. **Rhein Nixe**, I think, deserves a place here; the flowers are not large and the falls are too light colored to make an effective contrast with the white standards, but it is a most vigorous plant of very good habit and exceptionally free flowering.

I have mentioned no American seedlings, though I am well aware there are some of the highest merit, **Lent A. Williamson**, **Avalon**, **Queen Caterina**, **Shekinah**, and others, for as yet I have only seen single flowers of a few. Next season I hope to have flowered a representative selection in my own grounds, and some time have an opportunity of giving a critical appreciation of them.—The Flower Grower, October, 1921.

MY COLLECTION

Is of worldwide origin. America, England, France and Germany with their old favorites, and the many new creations of the patient and skillful art of the hybridizer, are found here. Wonderfully beautiful and quaint sorts from China and Japan; charming creations of nature's art from Palestine, the Himalaya and many other foreign countries, all seem to be happy here, and thrive in our rich, alluvial soil in "The Famous Valley of the Mountain," and the mild, moist winters and springs, and the dry, warm summers seem to be a happy combination for these gorgeous flowers.

It shall be my endeavor, and it is my ambition, to keep my collection constantly up to date, by acquiring new meritorious productions from all possible sources, at the same time eliminating varieties proving themselves inferior. This Fall I expect to add to my collection all the bulbous Irises; such as Dutch, English and Spanish and some other rare bulbous species and at that time you may have a list free on application. These bulbous Irises, which must be planted in the Fall, are among some of the prettiest flowers in the Iris family, blooming long after the other Iris is gone, thus extending the Iris blooming season from two to four weeks.

Please bear in mind that the prices of all my Irises if bought singly or by the dozen, include postage pre-paid; by the 100 by express, charges collect.

BLOOMING SEASON opens here about May 20th (except as to the early and May-flowering varieties) and is at its height about June 10th to 15th. This is the best time, and I think for those who can avail themselves of my invitation to visit my Iris Gardens, the best way to make selections of varieties for next summer's and fall's planting.

LOCATION.—I am located on the Pacific Highway, 8 miles east of Tacoma and 35 miles southwest of Seattle; one mile west of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern Puyallup passenger depot.

O. M. PUDOR, Iris Specialist

PUYALLUP, WASHINGTON, U. S. A.

Iris Culture

A few words on the cultivation of the various Iris offered in this list. To groups 1, 2 and 3, the same remarks will apply. Plant shallow in any good garden soil. If it contains no lime it should be introduced before planting, and a light dressing added from year to year. They succeed in moderately moist ground but enjoy getting thoroughly dry after the flowering period.

THE BEARDED IRIS

Perhaps nothing has been more prejudicial to the popularity and successful culture of the Bearded Irises than the fact that they are so easily grown. Paradoxical as this may sound, it is nevertheless true. The older species and varieties have been planted in positions where many other things would not grow, and because they survive and flower for years without attention, have been neglected. The result is that they have come to be looked upon as something wherewith to fill a difficult spot in the garden, and in consequence have received little regard and been treated as plants not worthy of careful attention. This is a pity, because no plant more adequately pays for good culture. If you would get the best out of them, plant on deeply worked and rich soil. If lime is deficient, add it. The value of lime is adequately summed up in the following remarks by Mr. W. R. Dykes, the greatest living authority on the genus Iris:

"When transplanting the bearded species my own practice is to add superphosphate of lime, which seems to ward off attacks of rot in the rhizomes, and then to counteract any acidity in the soil by a dressing of finely ground chalk or lime in autumn or winter. Otherwise, in a limeless soil Bearded Irises are apt to suffer from leaf spot."

Every three or four years lift them and transplant. The best season for transplanting is soon after they have finished flowering; this enables them to make sufficient root and growth to insure successful flowering during the following year. When this period is impossible they can be planted quite successfully in autumn and spring, and indeed many

authorities advocate March as the best month, preferring to lose the first year's flower for the sake of getting better results the following season.

They will thrive in any sunny position, and with the exceptions already mentioned are to a great extent indifferent as to soil. I have seen them making a glorious show by the side of lakes and water-ways, not too near the edge, and used them for broad planting amongst shrubs, on slopes, and in the herbaceous border, all with equal success. They are as much the flower for every garden as the rose.

The Michael Foster group, having the *Oncocyclus* blood in them, enjoy rather drier conditions still, and like being positively sunbaked during the resting season. (See pp. 34-36.)

THE BEARDLESS IRIS

In advocating the use of lime in the culture of the bearded section, it is necessary to utter a word of warning that many beardless species do not like it. The exceptions are *Spuria* and its varieties, and the *Longipetala* groups. *Kæmpferi*, and indeed most of the moisture-loving sorts have pronounced objections to lime. The beardless group may be broadly divided into: A—Grassy Leaved Species, under which category could come the *Sibiricas* (pp. 31-32); *Bulleyana* (p.______); *Chrysographes* (p. 37); and others. B—Japanese Irises, of which the *Kæmpferi* varieties (p. 32-33) form quite the largest group; *Laevigata* and its varieties; and the lovely little *Gracilipes* (p. 38) are also in this group. C—Tall June flowering species, suitable for borders or naturalising; some of these prefer moister, others drier conditions, and the agricultural requirements are generally indicated in the descriptive matter following the name of the variety.—From R. Wallace & Co.'s catalog.

BEARDED FLAG IRISES

The most popular and satisfactory group of all the Irises. Hardy in constitution, with a range of color unequalled by that of any other genera, free flowering and including varieties suitable for any garden conditions, they form the most useful asset in the hands of the garden maker.

They fall in three main groups roughly divided by the months in which they flower:

Group I.—April Flowering—Often known as *Iris Pumila*, or Dwarf Bearded Irises.

Group II.—May Flowering—Intermediate Irises. These are derived in the main from crosses between

the earlier flowering Iris Pumila and the later flowering Iris Germanica. They flower mid-way between the two, and generally speaking, whilst they are taller than the Pumilas, they do not attain the height of the Germanicas. The name Intermediate, therefore, is well chosen in every respect.

Group III.—June Flowering—Under this heading we include all the so-called "German" Irises; the glaucous leaved pallidas, the yellow flowered variegatas, the bronzed squalens, the frilled plicatas, and neglecta, amoena, junonia, trojana, etc. In fact, all those usually known as late flowering Bearded Irises.

COLOR CLASSIFICATION

For many years it has been customary to classify the various Bearded Irises into sections according to their relations to one or the other of the various species in cultivation. As the hybrid forms grow more and more numerous, and inter-breeding became the rule rather than the exception, the purely botanical classification into species and allied varieties proved inadequate. New class names were introduced that had no relation whatever to the parent species. These again became intermixed until it is impossible today to guess at the parentage of the great majority of garden Irises. Some distinctive hereditary features are discernible in certain hybrids such, for instance, as the branching habit of Trojana or the erect stem and close borne flowers of Pallida. These distinctions are, however, not emphatic enough to divide up a genus composing many hundreds of varieties, and they fail altogether when applied to the dwarfer forms. It will be easily recognized that hybridising between the various species and varieties involves transference of the outstanding characteristics of one to the other, and sometimes the results are so intermediate that it is impossible to ally the hybrid with any of the older classes.

It has, therefore, been decided, after careful consideration, to classify all Bearded Irises according to a system of Color grouping, and this is the method adopted in this list. Moreover, this system has been found of immense advantage to those who wish to make selections for the purpose of introducing pleasing color harmonies into their gardens.

For convenience of reference all species and varieties are enumerated in alphabetical order on the last page of this catalog.

The Classification of the Iris in this list is therefore as follows:—

CLASS I.

White, standards and falls white.

April Flowering (Group I.)

Alba	see page	14
Snow Cup	"	14
Statellae	"	14

May Flowering (Group II.)

Florentina	see page	28
Ingeborg	"	15
Ivorine	"	15

June Flowering (Group III.)

Anna Farr	see page	20
Innocenza	"	28
Kashmir White	"	22
Mrs. Darwin	"	30
White Knight	"	27

CLASS II.

White, feathered with purple.

- (a) color confined to margin of standard.
- (b) Color suffused through the standards.

April Flowering (Group I.)

May Flowering (Group II.)

None of the early or Intermediate Iris conform to this description.

June Flowering (Group III.)

(a) Camelot	see page	16
Dimity	"	18
Fairy	"	18

Jeanne d'Arc	"	30
Mad. Chereau	"	30
Ma Mie	"	24
Pocohontas	"	25

CLASS III.

White or slightly tinted standards and purple falls.

April Flowering (Group I.)

None of the Early or Intermediate Iris conform to this description.

June Flowering (Group III.)

Dalila	see page	21
Daphne	"	18
Rhein-Nixe	"	26
Tristram	"	19

CLASS IV.

Purple bi-colors.

In this class are included those varieties having standards lighter in color than the falls. These might again be sub-divided into lavenders, dark purple-blue and dark red-purple, but the difficulty of deciding exactly where to draw a line determines me to place the whole under one class number.

April Flowering (Group I.)

Cyanea	see page	14
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May Flowering (Group II.)

Dolphine	see page	15
Fritjof	"	15
Kharput	"	15
Walhalla	"	15

June Flowering (Group III.)

Amas	see page	28
Angelo	"	16
Archeveque	"	20
Asia	"	20
Azure	"	16
B. Y. Morrison	"	21
Black Prince (American)	"	28
Black Prince (English)	"	21
Crusader	"	21
Delicatissima	"	21
Dominion	"	18
Hermione	"	18
Junonia	"	26
Lady Foster	"	24
Lord of June	"	24
Magnifica	"	24
Monsignor	"	25
Neptune	"	25
Nine Wells	"	30
Oriflamme	"	25
Perfection	"	30
Riccardii	"	26
Shalimar	"	26
Seminole	"	26
Souv. de Mme. Gaudichau	"	27
Stamboul	"	27
Tamerlane	"	30
Tartarin	"	19
Trojana	"	27
Vincentio	"	20

CLASS V.

Purple Selfs.

(a) Lavender or Pale Blue-Purple.

(b) Blue-Purple.
(c) Red Purples.

(a) April Flowering (Group I.)

Azorea

(a) May Flowering (Group II.)

Dorothea

(a) June Flowering (Group III.)

Albert Victor	see page	28
Ann Page	"	16
Ballerine	"	21
Caterina	"	21
Clematis	"	16
Goldcrest	"	22
Juniata	"	22
Mesopotamia	"	24
Mlle. Schwartz	"	24
Morwell	"	19
Mrs. Tinley	"	19
Pallida Dalmatica	"	30
Queen Caterina	"	26
Ringdove	"	26
Sweet Lavender	"	19
Zua	"	27

(b) May Flowering (Group II.)

Blue Boy

(b) June Flowering (Group III.)

Blue Bird	see page	16
E. H. Jenkins	"	18
Miranda	"	19
Tom-Tit	"	19
Violecea Grandiflora	"	27

(c) April Flowering (Group I.)

Cyanea

(c) May Flowering
(Group II.)

Kochii see page 15
Purple King..... " 15

(c) June Flowering
(Group III.)

Caprice see page 28
Crimson King... " 15
Edouard Michel.. " 22

CLASS VI.

Yellow Selfs.

April Flowering (Group I.)

Excelsa see page 14
La Perle " 14
Orange Queen... " 14

May Flowering (Group II.)

Helge see page 15

June Flowering (Group III.)

Aurea see page 28
Dawn " 21
Mrs. Neubronner. " 30
Shekinah " 26
Sherwin Wright " 26
Virginia Mccre " 27

CLASS VII.

Standards yellow, falls purple.

- (a) Signifies that the Standards are pale yellow.
- (b) Signifies that they are deep yellow.

April Flowering (Group I.)

None of the early Bearded Iris conform to this description.

May Flowering (Group II.)

June Flowering (Group III.)

(b) Darius	see page 28	
(b) Honorable...	"	28
(b) Knysna	"	18
(a) Loreley	"	24
(a) Marsh Mari-		
gold	"	19
(b) Mithras	"	30

CLASS VIII.

Shot Shades.

(a) Includes those varieties in which yellow is the predominating, or at least most obvious, color note.

(b) Lavender or pale blue varieties in which the yellow is absent or negligible.

(c) Those varieties giving generally a purple bronze effect.

(a) April and May Flowering
(Groups I. and II.)

There are none in either of these groups that conform to this description.

(a) June Flowering
(Group III.)

Eldorado	see page 22	
Iris King	"	22
Mary Garden	"	24
Minnehaha	"	24
Montezuma	"	25
Peacock's Eye...	"	25
Quaker Lady....	"	26

(b) **April Flowering**
(Group I.)

(b) **May Flowering**
(Group II.)

None of the Intermediate Iris conform to this description.

(b) **June Flowering**
(Group III.)

Asia see page 20
Prospero " 25

(c) **April Flowering**
(Group I.)

(c) **May Flowering**
(Group II.)

None of the Early or Intermediate Iris conform to this description.

(c) **June Flowering**
(Group III.)

Afterglow see page 20
Alcazar " 20
Ambassadeur ... " 20
Deuil de Valery
 Mayet " 21
Dora Longden... " 18
Dr. Bernice.... " 28
Jacquesiana " 28

Lent A. Williamson	"	24
Mrs. Cowley	"	19
Prosper Laugier ..	"	25

CLASS IX.

Lilac and Rose Shades.

April Flowering (Group I.)

None of the Early Bearded Iris conform to this description.

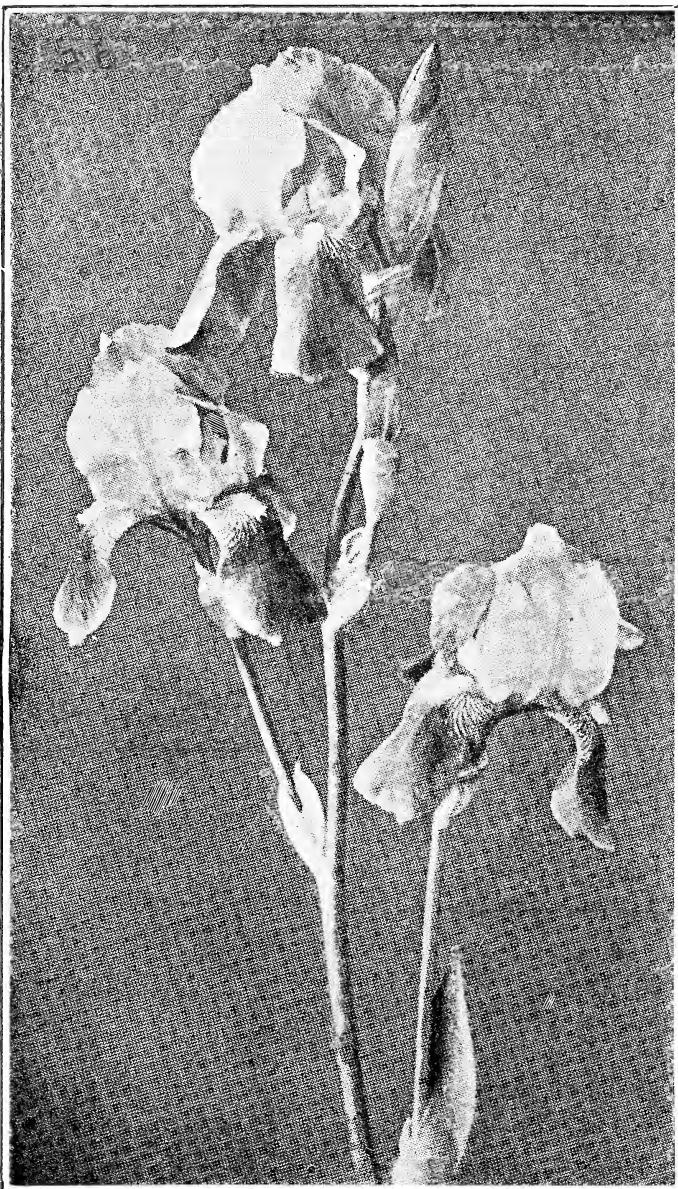
May Flowering (Group II.)

None of the Intermediate Iris conform to this description.

June Flowering (Group III.)

Dream	see page	22
Her Majesty	"	28
Isoleine	"	22
Lohengrin	"	24
Mount Penn	"	25
Mrs. Alan Gray ..	"	25
Phyllis Bliss	"	19
Queen of May ...	"	30
Roseway	"	19
Trautlieb	"	27
Troost	"	27
Windham	"	27
Wyomissing	"	27

An Alphabetical Index of all species and varieties will be found on the last page.



Iris Prospero (see p. 25).

GROUP I.

APRIL FLOWERING IRIS

IRIS PUMILA (DWARF EARLY BEARDED IRISES)

Excellent plant for rockeries, forming low growing tufts of dwarf flowers; also suited for bordering, planted in a double row about four inches apart; they soon make a dwarf and very effective edging. All flower in early spring. For sale in the late summer and fall only.

ALBA (syn. THE BRIDE). The best white variety, large flowers with a primrose beard. Class I.....
..... 35c each, \$3.50 doz.

AZUREA. Very beautiful sky blue. Class V.....
..... 25c each, \$2.50 doz.

CYANEA. Rich royal purple with blackish shadings. Class V..... 20c each, \$2 doz., \$10 per 100

EXCELSA. Deep yellow. Class VI..... 25c each, \$2.50 doz.

LA PERLE. Pale yellow, deliciously fragrant, very early. Class VI..... 75c each

ORANGE QUEEN. The standards and falls are a delightful shade of clear orange. Class VI..... 25c each

SNOW CUP (syn. SCHNEECUPPE). A pretty variety with white flowers. The falls are slightly reticulated yellow at the base. Class I..... 50c each

STATELLÆ (syn. OLBIENSIS ALBA). Creamy white fragrant globular flowers borne in pairs on twelve-inch stems, very useful for cutting. Class I..... 25c each

6 of the above named Iris (except La Perle and Snow Cup) for \$1.25.

GROUP II.

MAY FLOWERING IRIS

(INTERMEDIATE BEARDED IRIS)

The Intermediate or Interregna Irises comprise a new and already considerable group of hybrids derived in the main from crosses between the dwarf early-flowering Iris Pumila and the later Iris Germanica. Coming into flower mid-way between the two sections they form a connecting link, and possessing all the best points of each group they will be found of great garden value. They are all of free growth and easy culture, extremely floriferous, very lovely,

specially suited for massing and broad effects. The flower stems are about 18 inches high.

- BLUE BOY** (Foster). A free flowering self-colored true Aphylla, notable for its blue beard; S. violet, F. velvety purplish-violet; 2 ft. Class V.....50c each
- CRIMSON KING.** Rich claret purple; 28 in. Class V.....15c each, \$1.50 doz., \$8 per 100
- DOLPHINE.** S. soft sky blue, F. violet with golden crest, very pretty. 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ ft. Class IV.....50c each
- DOKOTHEA.** S. and F. deep lavender fading to light lavender; large, excellent flowers in profusion and opening like Japanese Irises; 18 to 24 in. Class V.....25c each, \$2.50 doz.
- FLORENTINA ALBA.** The early sweet-scented Florentine Iris, large flowers, white, or nearly so, often used in church decoration. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Class I. Here it always comes in for Decoration Day.....15c each, \$1.50 doz.
- FRITJOF.** Class IV. S. soft lavender, F. soft purple, shaded lavender; beautiful large flower.....25c each, \$2.50 doz.
- HELGE.** Light citron, with pearl-colored centre; a beautiful shade. Class VI.....25c each, \$2.50 doz.
- IVORINE.** Class I. Ivory white, with gold markings at base of petals; beard orange.....25c each, \$2.50 doz.
- INGEBORG.** White, very large, fragrant flower. Class I.....15c each, \$1.50 doz.
- KHARPUT** (syn. **ITALIA**). A. M., R. H. S. S. violet, F. deep purple-violet, beard white, a large flower with long falls, very fine. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Class IV.....25c each, \$2.50 doz., \$10 per 100
- KOCHII.** Dark violet, early, very handsome form. 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ ft. Class V.....25c each, \$2.50 doz.
- PURPLE KING.** Large flowered red-purple Germanica of fine color. 3 ft. Class V.....25c each, \$2.50 doz.
- WALHALLA.** S. light blue, F. velvety violet-purple, immense flower. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Class IV.....35c each

Collection of 25 Intermediate Iris in 6 varieties for \$5.00.

GROUP III.

JUNE FLOWERING IRIS

(LATE FLOWERING BEARDED IRIS)

Abbreviations: S.—Standards or upper petals.
F.—Falls or lower petals.

Under this heading I include all the so-called "German" Irises, the glaucous leaved pallidas, the yellow flowered variegatas, the bronzed squalens, the frilled placatas, and

neglecta, *amoena*, *junonia*, *trojana*, etc. They are the hardiest and most accommodating of garden plants, but to flower them well plant shallow in good soil to which lime and the sun are not strangers.

**LIST 1—PEDIREEE SEEDLINGS RAISED BY MR. A. J.
BLISS AND SIR ARTHUR HORT, OF NEWLANDS,
HARROW.**

N. B.—All the varieties in this list are offered by me in confidence that they are a distinct advance on any collection of New Varieties hitherto sent out. They represent the high-water mark which has been so far attained among the Bearded Irises by the hybridist's art.

In this section I include only the finest of the Bliss and Newland's Hybrids, selected from the two collections, as the best so far of such seedlings offered to the public. Not for sale until fall 1922, and then only 2 to 6 of each variety.

ANGELO (Newlands). A pale purple bi-color on the lines of Lady Foster. Strong, straight stems bearing enormous flowers similar in shape to Lady Foster, but rather deeper in color. Standards pale lavender blue. Falls of a deeper tone, very long and broad. This is an exceedingly handsome plant and up to the same standard as Ann Page. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ -3 ft. Class IV.....\$5.00 each

ANN PAGE (Newlands). A. M., Chelsea, 1920. Lovely pale blue self with large flowers of splendid shape. F. long, heavily penciled with brown at haft. Stem stout and erect. One of Sir A. Hort's best and possibly the finest of the pale purple varieties. 36 in. Class V. Not for sale.

AZURE (Bliss). A delightful seedling. Very free, not over large, but welcome on account of its beautiful clear and intense coloring. Standards lavender-blue, falls broad rich violet-blue, perfect in color tone. 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ ft. Class IV.\$2.50 each

BLUE BIRD (Bliss). Small-sized, self-colored flowers of the brightest blue. Falls at right angles to the standards. A very unusual type of flower on account of its intense blue coloring. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Class V.....\$4.00 each

CAMELOT (Bliss). A forerunner of many new seedlings of the Madam Chereau type, selected on account of its tall habit and exceptional freedom; spikes 4 ft. high and inclined to branch; falls and standards creamy white, edged with pale violet. Very attractive. 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet. Class II.\$2.50 each

CLEMATIS (Bliss). No Iris could be better named than this unique variety. The shape of the flower is more like an exceptionally fine *I. Kämpferi*, or a large six petaled



Iris Ann Page (see p. 16).

Clematis. All six segments of the flower reflex horizontally. Color light clear violet with variable veining at base. Strong growing, free flowering and fragrant. 2-2½ ft. Class V.....\$5.00 each

DAPHNE (Bliss). Not for sale until 1923.

DIMITY (Bliss). A strong growing variety with tall branching spikes. Standards white, slightly veined and penciled mauve. Falls wide, long, and spreading, of fine shape, faintly veined with lavender towards the upper half. Very decorative plant as a cut flower. This is one of the most distinct of Mr. Bliss's seedlings. Its soft coloring will appeal to all. 3 ft. Class II.....\$5.00 each

DOMINION (Bliss). A. M., R. H. S. A wonderful Iris in a category all its own, and the forerunner of a new race on account of the extraordinary development of the fall. As regards size and color the standards are of Dauphin's blue or light bluish-violet, large, erectly held, well developed and slightly veined. The falls of exceptional substance broaden out at the base to a deep rich indigo-purple velvet. There is a little veining in the throat, violet purple on white ground. Beard orange, very pronounced. The plant is strong and vigorous, the sturdy spikes are freely borne, foliage very broad and blue green. I regret I cannot further reduce the price of this exceptional plant, as my stock is very limited. 2½ feet. Class IV. \$25 each.

DORA LONGDEN (Bliss). Flowers of good shape; standards pale lavender suffused with yellow, falls rich red lilac suffusing at haft and edged with yellow. A very richly colored Iris. Strong growing and very free flowering. Class VIII.....\$3.00 each

E. H. JENKINS (Bliss). Fine plant, of great vigor, with stout branching stems. Very free-flowering. As many as 50 blooms have been counted on one plant. Standards of the palest blue-purple, with falls of a deeper shade. 45 in. Class V. Not for sale.

HERMIONE (Newlands). A late flowering purple bi-color. Very free and strong grower, of medium height, strong massive foliage. S. bright blue-purple, F. very distinct, rich reddish-purple with orange beard, reticulated brown at haft. 2½ ft. A perfect Iris. The flowers have a wonderful glistening texture. Class IV.....\$3.50 each

KNYSNA (Bliss). A very fine variety, exceedingly free-flowering and a vigorous grower. The long arching standards are clear deep yellow, the falls a deep velvety red-brown. Often has as many as four flowers on a stem at one time. The finest yellow variety in cultivation today. 2 ft. 9 in. Class VII.....\$2.50 each

- MARSH MARIGOLD** (Bliss). One of the most striking yellow varieties. A greatly improved Macri King, 2 ft. 6 in. high. The standards pale golden yellow. Falls deep purple-brown with a bright yellow margin. 27 in. Class VII.....\$5.00 each
- MIRANDA** (Newlands). Grand early form, with stout stems, bearing flowers of fine form, of clear violet-blue with orange beard. A really distinctive and striking variety. 3 ft. 6 in. Class V.....\$3.50 each
- MORWELL** (Bliss). A. M., R. H. S. A giant pale blue-purple, both in standard and falls; larger, freer flowering and a stronger grower than Caterina. 2½ ft. Class V.\$5.00 each
- MRS. COWLEY** (Bliss). An improved Cengilti Pallida hybrid. Standards coppery pink, and falls of a deep rich rosy-purple. Striking and beautiful on account of its quiet coloring. 27 in. Class VIII.....\$2.50 each
- MRS. TINLEY** (Bliss). An improved Cengialti Pallida hybrid. Early, producing large flowers of an intense self violet blue, with a characteristic golden blotch. A magnificent plant. 3 ft. Class V.....\$7.50 each
- PHYLLIS BLISS** (Bliss). Not for sale until 1923.
- ROSEWAY** (Bliss). Deep red-pink Pallida. Strong branching spikes. Brightest of the so-called red Pallidas so far raised. Almost a self, with very bright orange beard. 3 ft. Class IX. Not for sale until 1923.
- SWEET LAVENDER** (Bliss). A distinctive form, producing strong spikes, branching from the base, as many as 12 or more flowers being out at once. Standards pale lavender. Falls horizontal, very broad, widely expanded, and of a deeper rose-lavender, the general effect being a lovely shade of rosy mauve. One of the finest and most distinct of Bliss's seedlings. 39 in. Class V.....\$7.50 each
- TARTARIN** (Bliss). An extraordinary variety, producing enormous flowers, larger than any other, of two distinct shades of pale lilac-lavender blue. The standards are apt to flop the second day after opening, but this in no way detracts from the beauty of the huge blossoms which are borne on stout stems. 3 ft. Class IV.....\$3.00 each
- TOM-TIT** (Bliss). A unique plant. Generally admired when seen in flower. Flowers are small, 3 to 4 on a stem and of a deep self violet-blue. Falls almost horizontal. This is a most decorative little plant, and will be much sought after. 18 in. Class V.....\$2.50 each
- TRISTRAM** (Bliss). Standards of the clearest white. Falls deep rich purple, richly reticulated at haft. Most distinctive and beautiful. 27 in. Class III.....\$2.50 each

VINCENTIO (Newlands). A large purple bi-color with specially dark falls. A good companion plant to Hermione, which it resembles, though somewhat redder in color tone. The foliage of these two seedlings is quite exceptional and unlike any other variety. 3 ft. Class IV. Not for sale until 1923.

LIST 2—CHOICE VARIETIES OF RECENT INTRODUCTION

In this section are included many of the finest of the hybrids raised, notably the beautiful seedlings of Mr. Yeld and Messrs. Vilmorin & Co.; also, I am including several new varieties raised by Mr. Bliss and Sir A. Hort, though well worth growing, cannot be classed with their specially fine seedlings mentioned in List 1.

AFTERCLOW (Sturtevant). A soft grayish lavender shading to a rich Pinard yellow through the center, a flower of loose Pallida form; stalk well-branched, growth strong. 3 ft. Class VIII. F. C. C., M. H. S.....\$2.00 each

ALCAZAR (Vilmorin). F. C. C., 1916. A giant in flower and growth, S. light bluish-violet, F. deep purple with a bronze veined throat, one of the most magnificent and striking. 3-4 ft. Class VIII.....75c each, \$7.50 doz.

AMBASSADEUR (Vilmorin). A. M., R. H. S., 1921. A strong growing late variety with very large flowers. S. reddish-violet, F. deep velvety, beard and style arms yellow. Of exceptional merit and superior to many varieties of a similar color. 3½ ft. Class VIII...\$7.50 each

ANNA FARR (Farr). S. white, lightly bordered pale blue; F. pure white, with pale blue marking at the base; immense flower with very large petals of great substance; horizontal falls producing an orchid-like effect. Distinct. 36 in. Class I.....\$2.00 each

ARCHEVEQUE (Vilmorin). Deep velvety violet, with standards deep purple-violet, immense flowers, an extremely rich piece of color. 1½ ft. Class IV...50c each, \$5.00 doz.

ASIA (Yeld). This grand Iris was first shown by Mr. Yeld in 1916 when it gained an A. M.; unlike anything else in cultivation with unusually large flowers and fine bold up-standing foliage. Stems very strong and vigorous, bearing large flowers of unusual substance and fine form. Standards broad and massive, pale silvery lavender deepening at the base to yellow. Falls pale reddish-purple lightening in color towards the margin. The haft exceptionally broad and heavily reticulated brown on a white ground with a gold margin. The base of the standards is also heavily reticulated and colored gold. Beard bright golden-yellow. The whole effect of the flower is unusual, and the plant stands out as one of the finest Irises introduced into cul-

tivation at the present time. While speaking of its many fine qualities it is as well to mention its one defect, that, on account of the large flower and massive spike, it is apt to be blown over in a strong wind and detached from the rhizome; it is therefore as well to stake the individual spikes so as to insure their safety. 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Class IV. \$15.00 each

B. Y. MORRISON (Sturtevant). Standards pale lavender-violet, the falls velvety raisin purple and their wide lavender border has a dark outline. Strong but distinctively slender in stem and leaf growth. 32 in. F. C. C., M. H. S. Class IV. Not for sale until 1923.

BALLERINE (Vilmorin). Tall and strong growing, and of good branching habit. S. broad and rounded waved at the margin, light blue-violet. F. large, a little deeper shade than the standards, very sweet scented, a splendid Pallida form. 3-4 ft. Class V. \$5.00 each

BLACK PRINCE (English). A. M., R. H. S., one of the best, the latest to open and the deepest of all in color. S. purplish blue, F. deep blackish purple with white markings at the throat. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Very scarce and much in demand. Class IV. \$1.50 each

CATERINA (Cypriana x Pallida), A. M., R. H. S., 1907 (Foster). Massive lavender flowers on four feet high flexuous stems; the same colored flower as Pallida Dalmatica, but larger and more noticeably veined at the throat. Deliciously fragrant. 4 ft. Class V. 50c each, \$5.00 doz.

CRUSADER (Foster). The noblest clear blue in the collection, very large, broad petaled stout textured flowers of a purer and more intense color than is to be found in any other. Standards a light shade, and falls a deep shade of violet blue, beard orange-yellow, erect growing and free-flowering. 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Class IV. \$2.50 each

DALILA (Denis). A very choice seedling of I. Riccardi. Standards are pale flesh white, falls rich red-purple with a yellow beard. It is one of the most distinct and striking in color. 2 ft. Class III. \$2.50 each

DAWN (Yeld). A beautiful sulphur yellow, bronze veined at the throat, beard orange. 2 ft. Class VI. \$1.50 each

DELICATISSIMA (Millet). S. deep lavender, deepening to light amaro-purple in the falls; large flower and strong grower of the Pallida type; a valuable introduction. Class IV. \$1.50 each

DEUIL DE VALERY MAYET (Denis). A unique variety of medium size with extraordinary coloring. The standards are coppery-rose with falls of a deep reddish-brown. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Class VIII. Not for sale.

DREAM (Sturtevant).	Soft clear pink.	3 ft.	Class IX.	
.....	.....	.....	\$2.00	each
ED. MICHEL (Verdier).	A. M., R. H. S., 1909.	A grand Iris of imposing appearance, tall spikes with flowers finely held and of splendid shape, the standards broad and frilled, the falls of great width, self colored flowers of a distinct deep wine red, close in color to Caprice; scarce.		
2 1/2 ft.	Class V.	.....	\$1.50	each
ELDORADO (Vilmorin).	A. M., R. H. S.	One of the most distinct and rich color combinations. S. yellowish-bronze shaded beautifully with heliotrope, F. bright violet-purple touched down the sides with the bronze-yellow of the haft, style arms clear gold.	2 1/2 ft.	Class VIII.....
.....	.....	.....	75c	each, \$7.50 doz.
GOLDCREST (Dykes).	A. M., R. H. S., May 19th, 1914.	Flowers bright violet-blue of a delightful self-color, and unveined, but with a conspicuous golden yellow beard which gives the variety its name, the stems sometimes carrying five flowers. Very scarce.	2 1/2 ft.	Class V.
.....	.....	.....	\$2.50	each
IRIS-KING (Variegata), A. M., a cross between Pallida Dalmatica and Maori King, very large massive flowers, standards old gold, falls very broad, rich and bright velvety crimson-maroon margined with gold.	2 ft.	Class VIII.		
.....	.....	.....	50c	each, \$5 doz., \$16 per 100.
ISOLINE (Vilmorin).	A. M., R. H. S., 1910.	A grand distinct Iris, large stout textured flowers and bold foliage. S. lilac pink, F. purplish old-rose, golden at throat and yellow beard. Of this beautiful Iris Mr. Eden Phillpotts writes: "It resembles nothing but itself. There mingle in its immense uprights and broad falls all pale shades of auburn, sepia and rose. The beard is of bright gold. I have haunted the magnificent thing for a week and yet know not how fittingly to describe its glory."	2 1/2 ft.	Class IX.
.....	.....	.....	75c	each, \$7.50 doz.
JUANITA (Farr).	Tall fine plant, with large flowers of a uniform clear blue violet.	3 1/2 ft.	Class V.	
.....	.....	.....	50c	each, \$5.00 doz.
JUNONIA. See Riccardi.				
KASHMIR WHITE (Wallace's var.) (Foster).	A. M., R. H. S., June 3rd, 1914.	This most beautiful of the white hybrids we owe to Sir Michael Foster. The flower stems rise 4 ft. high and carry six large pure white flowers.		
Differs from Kashmiriana Shelford var. (i.e. Miss Willmott)	in its taller and more floriferous habit and its whiter flowers.	4 ft.	Class I.	Six for sale Fall 1922.
.....	.....	.....	\$10.00	each



Iris Marsh Marigold (see p. 19).

LADY FOSTER (Foster). A. M. One of the noblest varieties in the collection. Flowers unusually large, smooth and stout textured, splendid bold erect habit. Standards pale blue, falls light bluish-violet, veined old gold at the broad throat. 3½ ft. Class IV. Not for sale until Fall 1922 \$2.50 each

LENT A. WILLIAMSON (Williamson). Standards lavender violet, the falls a deep, velvety pansy violet to cotinga purple, the center of the flower blended with yellow and russet vinaceous. The height, the growth, and the shape are the type of Alcazar, the coloring even richer.
\$2.50 each

LORELY. S. light yellow, F. ultra-marine blue, bordered cream. Height 2 ft. Class VII.
25c each, \$2.50 doz., \$15.00 per 100

LOHENGRIN. A color scheme in shades of cattleya-mauve; very large flowers; vigorous habit. 3 ft. Class IX.
35c each, \$3.50 doz.

LORD OF JUNE (Yeld). A. M. An exceedingly handsome Iris of noble proportions. Standards of lavender-blue and falls rich violet blue; very bold and vigorous habit. 3-4 ft. Class IV. \$2.50 each
Mr. John C. Wister, President of the American Iris Society, says: "Lord of June and Lady Foster are by all odds the finest Iris I have ever seen."

MAGNIFICA (Vilmorin). Enormous flowers borne on stiff branching stems. S. light violet-blue. F. long, deep reddish-violet reticulated brown, yellow beard, sweetly scented. 3 ft. Class IV. 12 for sale Fall 1922. . . . \$5.00 each

MA MIE (Cayeux). White, frilled with blue, an improved Mme. Chereau, itself one of the most beautiful of June bearded Irises. 2½ ft. Class II. 35c each

MARY GARDEN (Farr). S. pale yellow, flushed pale lavender; long, drooping falls, creamy white, minutely dotted and veined maroon; stigmas clear yellow. 28 in. Class VIII. 50c each

MMLE. SCHWARTZ (Denis). A magnificent Iris raised by the French amateur, M. Denis, and considered by many judges to be the best of all his seedlings. Very tall, possibly the tallest Iris in cultivation, with branching spikes bearing exceptionally large flowers of Pallida form. The color is the palest mauve, many shades lighter than Dalmatica. 4 ft. Class V. Not for sale until 1923.

MESOPOTAMICA. S. soft blue, F. violet-purple. Rare. Class V. \$1.00 each

MINNEHAHA (Farr). S. creamy white, shaded yellow; F. creamy white, heavily reticulated maroon; stigmas clear yellow; fragrant. Very large. 2 ft. Class VIII. . . . \$1 each

MONSIGNOR (Vilmorin). Quite distinct, a very beautiful piece of rich coloring, S. pale unveined violet, F. a ground work of the same shade, but richly overlaid and veined (except for a broad margin) with deep purple. 2 ft. Class IV.....50c each, \$5.00 doz.

MONTEZUMA (Farr). S. old gold spotted with bronze, F. pale yellow margined with bronze. 2 ft. Class VIII. Fall delivery\$1.50 each

MOUNT PENN (Farr). Standards rose and shaded violet. Falls crimson with underlying suffusion of violet, fine deep orange beard, haft is brown veined on lilac ground, distinct and good. 2 ½ ft. Class IX. Not for sale until 1923.

MRS. ALAN GRAY (Cengialti x Queen of May) (Foster). One of the most beautiful. The flowers have that neatness and self-coloring noticeable in all the Cengialti seedlings, and are of a delightful lilac shade derived from Queen of May, which gives one the impression of pink in comparing it with other Irises. It is unique in generally bearing a second crop of flowers in August, and no Iris is lovelier when massed in quantity. 2-2 ½ ft. Class IX.....35c each, \$3.50 doz.

NEPTUNE (Yeld). A. M., R. H. S. Bright pale blue standards, rich dark purple-blue falls; the tall branched habit setting off nobly its large flowers and wide spreading falls. 2 ft. Class IV.....\$2.00 each

ORIFLAMME (Vilmorin). A. M., one of the largest of bearded Irises in the way of Amas; the standards are of great size and bright blue, falls broad and long, dark purple, a magnificent introduction. 2 ½ ft. Class IV....75c each

PEACOCK'S EYE (Pfauenauge). Very distinct Iris with standards of olive gold. Falls curiously and beautifully shaded, gold at the edges and deepening to plum color in the center. 22 in. Class VIII....50c each, \$4.50 doz.

POCOHONTAS (Farr). An attractive variety of the Mme. Chereau type. S. tall and waved margined violet-blue on a white ground. F. white, slightly margined violet-blue. 2 ft. Class II. Fall only.....75c each

PROSPER LAUGIER (Verdier). A. M. A fine plant on the lines of Jacquesiana, but with larger flowers and brighter in color, the falls are very broad, of the deepest velvety crimson richly veined at the throat. 2 ½ ft. Class VIII.....50c each, \$5.00 doz.

PROSPERO (Yeld). A. M., Chelsea, 1920. An exceedingly vigorous tall-growing variety, bearing enormous flowers of fine shape. S. pale lavender flushed with yellow at base. F. deep red-purple with lighter shading at margin.

Heavily marked with brown at the haft, deep orange beard. A particularly handsome plant, although of a somewhat quiet tone, but welcome for its grand habit and strength. 4 ft. Class VIII.....\$5.00 each

QUAKER LADY (Farr). A very fascinating flower, almost indescribable; standards a combination of smoky lavender with shades of yellow, falls deeper in color. 2½ ft. Class VIII.....50c each

QUEEN CATERINA (Sturtevant). Pale lavender violet self with a white haft veined with bronze and a rich orange beard. The height, smooth texture of the flowers and their lasting quality make this a very handsome plant. Three to four feet. Class V. F. C. C., M. H. S. Not for sale until 1923.....\$2.50 each

RHEIN NIXE (G. & K.) Very charming form with large flowers, S. white very large, F. rich violet-purple with a narrow but distinct white edge. 2½ ft. Class III.35c each, \$3.00 doz.

RICCARDII (syn. *Junonia*). A species from the East, of exceptionally strong growth, bearing massive flowers the falls of which are violet-purple and drooping, the standards a soft blue. The largest bearded species we have seen; allied to *Cypriana*. 4-5 ft. Class IV. Fall delivery.....\$2.50 each

RINGDOVE (Wallace introduction). A. M., R. H. S., 1917. A very free flowering and beautiful seedling, with boldly erect stems, which with us have exceeded four feet in height. The large standards are pale lavender-violet, the falls a shade deeper, but the variety is most distinct in having a band of still darker color at the throat. Class V.\$1.00 each

SEMINOLE (Farr). S. soft violet-rose; F. rich velvety crimson; brilliant orange beard. Given honorable mention by American Iris Society, June, 1920. Class IV....\$2.50 each

SHALIMAR. A Trojana seedling of fine size and rich color, most remarkable for its branched habit which carries the numerous flowers that each stem bears in a broad spreading panicle for which there is no example in the older forms. 3 ft. Class IV.....\$2.50 each

SHEKINAH (Sturtevant). A pale lemon yellow deepening through the center to the orange of the beard. The first clear yellow of *Pallida* growth; a strong grower. 36 in. Class VI. Not for sale until 1923.

SHERWIN WRIGHT. Golden yellow. A good vigorous-growing golden yellow without markings or shadings. 2 feet. Class VI.....50c each, \$3.50 doz., \$25.00 per 100

- SOUVENIR DE MME. GAUDICHAU** (Millet). A tall, early and very distinct variety, a deep purple bi-color of an unusual velvety appearance, the fine shape and finish of the flower give great distinction to the plant. 3½ ft. Class IV. For Fall delivery only.....\$7.50 each
- STAMBOUL.** Standards light blue, falls rich violet blue, vigorous free-flowering habit, darker in color and broader in the falls than Caterina, which it most nearly resembles. 3 ft. Class IV. Fall planting only.....\$1.00 each
- TRAUTLIEB.** S. and F. lovely uniform soft rose; very beautiful. Class IX.....25c each, \$2.50 doz., \$18.00 per 100
- TROJANA** (Asiatica of some gardens). A. M., R. H. S. I offer the true species as figured in the Genus Iris (Dykes). A magnificent plant with branched spikes of very large flowers. Standards light violet-blue, falls deep purple-violet. 3-4 ft. Class IV.....25c each, \$2.50 doz.
- TROOST** (Denis). Standards deep rosy purple, falls paler, veined violet, which changes to brown in the upper part, giving a distinctive appearance. 2 ft. Class IX. Fall delivery only.....\$3.00 each
- VIOLACEA GRANDIFLORA.** S. and F. both of rich blue, of violet shade in the latter; darker than Clio and Pallida Dalmatica; an excellent tall late variety. The best true blue. 2 ft. Class VIII.....35c each
- VIRGINIA MOORE** (Shull 1920). The new fine yellow self in shade identical with that of Hemerocallis Flava. Falls veined. Class VI. Fall delivery.\$2.50 each
- WHITE KNIGHT** (Farr). A beautiful, absolutely snow white Iris without any markings. Sweetly scented. 18 in. Class I.....75c each
- WINDHAM** (Farr). Standards very delicate lavender pink. Falls of similar color, but heavily veined deeper. The flowers are large and constitution good. 1½-2 ft. Class IX.....75c each
- WYOMISSING** (Farr). The creamy white standards are faintly flushed with soft rose. The falls are pale rose tinted at the edges, the upper and center portion being lilac veined on faintly-tinted flesh ground. 2 ft. Class IX.25c each, \$2.50 doz.
- ZUA** (Mrs. Crawford). S. and F. both of dainty delicate lavender, nearly a blue-white, with edges ruffled and crimped like fine frosted crepe paper; blooms of the quality of the Matelija poppy, very large and fragrant; early. 10-12 in.; foliage 6-10 in. Class V....\$2.00 each

LIST 3—STANDARD VARIETIES

All excellent sorts, but older. Every variety is of good garden value.

ALBERT VICTOR. A tall form of Pallida, a lovely soft blue. One of the best. 3 ½ ft. Class V....25c each, \$2.50 doz.

AMAS (syn. Macrantha). A very beautiful collected form from Asia Minor, closely allied to Trojana; S. bright blue; F. deep purple-violet, the flowers are very large, of fine texture and great substance. 2 ½ ft. Class IV....

.....25c each, \$2.50 doz., \$10.00 per 100

AUREA. Beautiful form, rich chrome yellow, nothing to do with the species Aurea. 2 ft. Class VI.....
.....25c each, \$2.50 doz.

BLACK PRINCE. American (not to be confused with the English Black Prince or Black Knight). S. purple-lilac; F. rich velvety black....25c each, \$2.50 doz., \$10 per 100

CAPRICE. S. reddish-purple, F. deeper, self-colored, one of the best "red" Irises. 1 ¾ ft. Class V..25c ea., \$2.50 doz.

DARIUS. S. rich yellow; F. reticulated purple on white, margined primrose, very fine. 18 in. Class VII....
.....25c each, \$2.50 doz., \$10 per 100

DR. BERNICE. S. coppery-bronze. F. velvety-crimson. 2 ft. Class VIII.....25c each, \$2.50 doz., \$10 per 100

FAIRY White, delicately bordered and suffused soft blue. Very beautiful. The sweetest of all. 30 in. Class II.
.....25c each, \$2.00 doz.

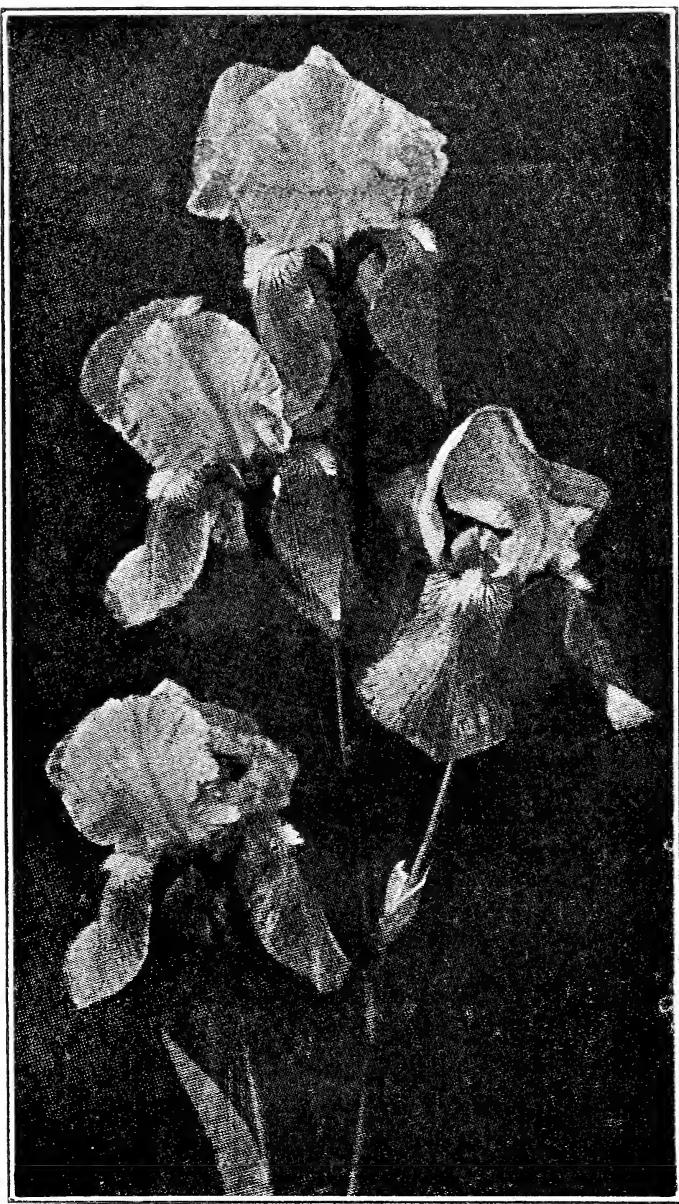
FLORENTINA ALBA (Queen Emma). S. and F. soft shade of pearl, almost white; very free and early flowering; fine for cutting. The source of orris root.....
.....25c each, \$2.50 doz., \$10 per 100

HER MAJESTY. Standards pale coppery-pink. Falls spreading of a deeper shade, heavily veined at haft and margin. A delightful variety on the lines of Queen of May. One of the most effective "pinks." 2 ½ ft. Class IX....
.....35c each, \$3.00 doz., \$15.00 per 100

HONORABLE (Syn San Souci). S. rich golden yellow; F. very fine velvety rose-purple. 2 ft. Class VII...25c each

INNOCENZA. Pure white, with slight reticulation at the throat. 2 ½ ft. Class I.....35c each

JACQUESIANA (Lemon 1840). Copper-crimson standards and maroon falls, extra good. 2 ½ ft. Class VIII. After three-quarters of a century still among the leading varieties in every collection.....50c each



Iris Lord of June (see p. 24.)

- JEANNE D'ARC.** Of the Mme. Chereau type, white tinted lavender, a pleasing variety of medium growth. 1½-2 feet.....50c each, \$5 doz.
- MADAME CHEREAU** (Lemon 1844). S. white, edged blue; F. large frilled blue, one of the best. 2½ ft. Class II.20c each, \$2.00 doz.
- MITHRAS.** S. pale yellow, F. reddish purple. 2½ ft. Class VII.....50c each, \$5.00 doz.
- MRS. DARWIN.** S. snow white, F. white, slightly reticulated violet at base; very beautiful and free-flowering white Iris. 1¾ ft. Class I.....15c each, \$1.50 doz.
- MRS. NEUBRONNER.** A beautiful deep golden self color, very lovely. 2 ft. Class VI.....25c each, \$2.50 doz.
- NINE WELLS** (Trojana) (Foster). Standards light violet, falls deep purple violet, showing a white ground at the throat, smaler, darker and more velvety than Amas; the stout tortuous stems are four feet long, late flowering. 4 ft. Class IV.....\$1.00 each.
- PALLIDA-DALMATICA** (Princess Beatrice). The finest of the Flag Irises; has a tall stem of very large pale blue flowers; broad, glaucous foliage. 3½ feet. Class V.35c each, \$3.50 doz.
- PERFECTION.** S. light blue. F. velvety, violet black, beard orange. Earlier, taller and more floriferous than Black Prince. 2-2½ ft. Class IV.....25c each, doz. \$2.50, 100 \$15.00
- QUEEN OF MAY.** The most charming of the "pink" Pallidas. S. lilac. F. purplish lilac or rose; free; very handsome. 2¾ ft. Class IX.....25c each, doz \$2.50
- TAMERLANE.** Deep purple violet falls with paler standards; is close to Trojana but rather earlier; a magnificent tall, bold, free-flowering Iris. 2½ ft. Class IV...50c each
- One each of 25 splendid varieties, our selection from above, \$5

CALIFORNIAN IRISES

There are a few American Irises, not exceeded in beauty by any members of the family, which are still practically unknown in gardens because of the difficulty which most cultivators experience in transplanting them. As a matter of fact the following group of Californian species takes by no means unkindly to cultivation; they are all absolutely hardy, and no Irises give a more profuse display of blooms. Hundreds of flowers are produced in a patch of plants only a yard or two square, and hardly any two seedlings are identical in color.

Their average height is 12 inches. Plants for sale fall delivery only.

The species offered below are offered as strong young seedling plants out of pots. They should be given a sunny, well-drained position in a rich light soil which does not contain any large proportion of lime. It should be specially noted that lime is inimical to the success of this group.

BRACTEATA. A. M., R. H. S. In this type the flowers are yellow, netted with brown, crimson veins, but seedlings produce a wide range of color, including pink and red. 35c each

CALIFORNICA. Similar in growth to Bracteata. A varying plant from seed but very beautiful, in many shades of blue, yellow and bronze. This description in no way conveys the beauty of this delightful plant. 35c each

DOUGLASIANA. Seedlings give a wonderful range of color through deepest violet, rosy lilac and pale yellowish fawn or cream, and the display of flowers is prolonged over several weeks. The grassy foliage is evergreen, and the plant makes a handsome one in winter. 35c each

HARTWEGI. Similar in growth and character to Tenax, with flowers of a beautiful pale straw-yellow shade. 35c each

TENAX. Flowers vary from deep claret to pale lavender or lilac or pale grey, with a beautiful network of silvery veins. The foliage is grassy and slender, but the plant is perfectly hardy..... 35c each

I can offer **SEED** of the species list at 25c per packet, and would point out that a colony of plants is quickly obtained from seed with very little trouble. The seed should be sown in pots in early autumn and the pots plunged to the rim in some porous, well-drained soil or ashes, in an open position with no protection from frost until the spring. The warmth of a frame or cool house is then beneficial though not essential. When the young plants have developed about four or five leaves and have reached four or six inches in height, they should be planted out in the positions they are intended to occupy permanently.

IRIS SIBIRICA

One of the most elegant of all Iris groups and among the easiest to grow; has grassy foliage, with tall stems; highly floriferous, one of the best for cutting or for massing by waterside. The flowers are various shades of blue with

white marking. Succeeds well in moist situations. For Fall planting only.

GEORGE WALLACE. Grand form, tall growing; F. broad light blue; S. darker. 3-4 ft.....35c each

ORIENTALIS. One of the most beautiful flowers, very large, rich deep purple. 3 ft.....25c each

ORIENTALIS EMPEROR. A. M., R. H. S. A noble form of Orientalis, of Japanese origin. The falls are large and circular and the whole flower is of a deep violet blue. This is the finest form in the Siberica group. 3 ft.....25c each, \$2.50 doz.

SNOW QUEEN. F. C. C., R. H. S., 1902. This is a very lovely form, and should not be omitted even from the humblest collection. Petals broad and full, of snowy whiteness, rich golden-yellow blotch. 3 ft.....25c each, \$2.50 doz.

PERRY'S BLUE. A. M., R. H. S. A tall variety with falls of violet-mauve shading to paler mauve at the edges. Standards pale mauve. 3 ft.....\$1.00 each

IRIS KÆMPFERI

(The Japanese Iris)

The magnificent Iris Kaempferi belongs to the Apogons, and a field of them in bloom is a most gorgeous sight. Seeing them for the first time, one cannot withhold an exclamation of surprise, and having once seen can never forget their striking beauty. The tulips and daffodils, the great Oriental poppies, the peonies and the roses have all come and gone, but the Iris procession is still passing in the climax of its glory. (B. H. Farr.)

TIME TO PLANT.—From the latter part of August to the beginning of October is the best time to plant Japanese Irises, and this applies to the whole family of Irises. However, if not convenient to plant then, they can also be planted with success during the very early spring months. Late plantings should be protected by a light covering of straw or leaves applied after the ground is permanently frozen, to prevent the roots from being heaved out of the ground by the action of frost.

CULTURE.—The secret of success is to keep the ground well stirred, never allowing it to bake or become hard. Any good mellow clay will grow Japanese Irises to perfection, if well enriched. They like plenty of moisture during the growing season, but flooding with water is not necessary, as many people think. Water standing over the plants for a

great length of time in winter is fatal to them. The natural moisture of the ground can be conserved by frequent cultivation, which has the effect of producing a dry dust mulch which prevents evaporation and avoids the necessity of artificial irrigation. (From Farr's catalog.)

GEI-SHO-UI.	Rich purple, primrose blotches, surrounded by a white halo radiating out into the purple petals. (6 petals).....	35c each
GEKKA-NO-NAMI.	Six very large pure white petals with yellow blotches.....	50c each
KOKO-NO-IRO.	Six large purple petals, suffused with intense blue, yellow center. A wonderful Iris.....	35c each
KUMO-NO-ISHO.	Six bright crimson-purple petals, making a very large flower.....	35c each
KURO-KUMO.	Six dark purple, overlaid with dark blue petals	50c each
LESTER LOVETT.	Six very large violet-blue petals with a large white halo. One of the finest.....	75c each
MIKADO.	A. M., R. H. S. Grand color almost white, but delicately veined and shaded with soft rose which varies in depth of color according to the age of the flower. Standards purple rose.....	\$1.00 each
MORNING MISTS.	A. M., R. H. S. Pure white with a faint mist of pale blue at the throat that deepens in color and spreads as the flower reaches its zenith. Immense size.....	\$1.00 each
OSHO-KUN.	Tyrian-blue, yellow blotches radiating into white. Six very large petals. A wonderfully beautiful variety.....	75c each
ONIGA-SHIMA.	Six large, deep blue petals with a white halo. Very beautiful.....	35c each
SHIGO-NO-URANAMI.	Six petals of dark blue, white halo radiating	35c each
SHIRATAKI.	Very tall; six broad fluted white petals with a golden band in the center.....	35c each
YOMO-NO-UMI.	Deep lavender blue, with a blue halo surrounding the yellow blotches. Very beautiful....	50c each
ZAMA-NO-MORI.	Three immense white falls with sky blue in center. Standards white with soft blue margin. Very beautiful sort.....	50c each
MIXED VARIETIES,	unnamed.....	25c each, \$2.50 doz.

NOTICE.—Japanese Iris usually does not bloom after dividing until the second year, except in case of extra strong clumps.

ONCOCYCLUS IRISES

These very beautiful and rather difficult species from Asia Minor produce very large flowers remarkable for the delicacy and intricacy of their veining, their strange forms and unique colors. The easiest forms to grow are Korolkowi, Leichtlini and Vaga. To insure successful cultivation the plants should be thoroughly rested and dried off during the summer; this is best done by placing lights over them.

HOOGIANA. A. M., R. H. S., 1919 (new). I am glad to be able to offer a few plants of this magnificent variety which stands in a class by itself among the more recently introduced Irises by reason of its wonderful qualities and striking beauty. The color is a lovely shade of soft pale blue. Fall delivery.....\$2.00 each.

KOROLKOWI. A very lovely and quaint Iris, ground color white with brown veinings, two or three flowers on a stem. Fall delivery.....\$1.00 each

LEICHTLINI. Bronzy violet and yellow, most distinct and beautiful; rare.....\$1.00 each

SUSIANA. "The Mourning Iris." Flowers of an enormous size, greyish, covered with an exquisitely intricate system of brown-black veins and dots. Much admired wherever shown. Will not endure rain in the summer...\$2.50 each

VAGA (syn. Stolonifera). Allied to Iris Leichtlini. Standards and falls of a beautiful shot heliotrope and bronze, waved margins. Very distinct and hardy.....\$1.50 each

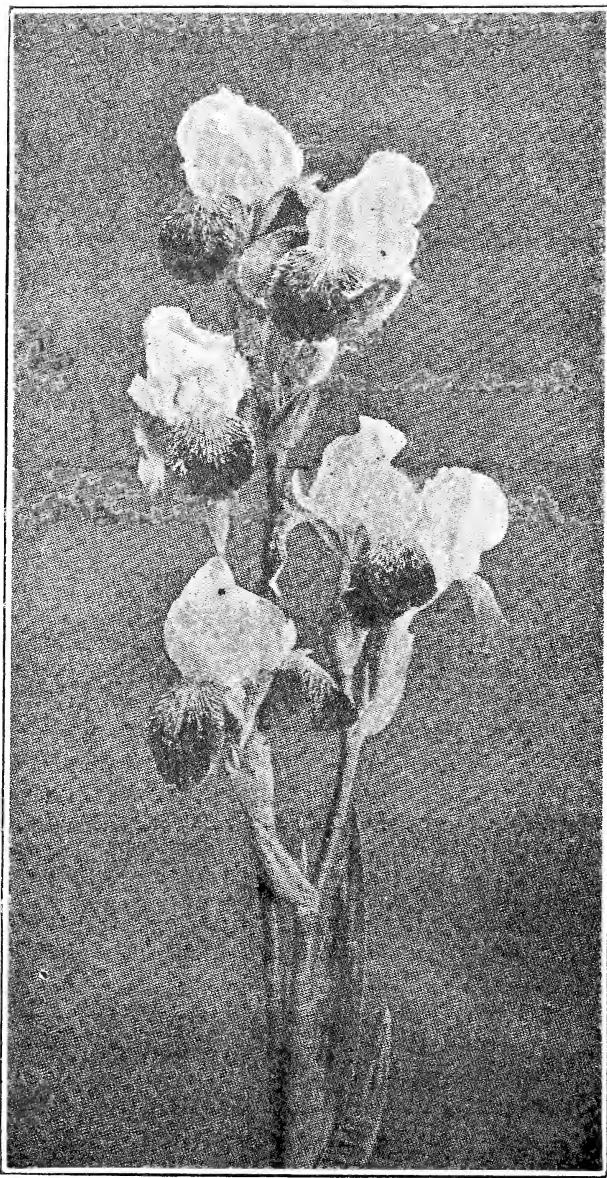
THE MICHAEL FOSTER HYBRIDS

Oncocycclus x Pogoniris

The name of the late Sir Michael Foster will always be held in reverence by lovers of the Iris. No one was so keen in their cultivation, indefatigable in the search for new varieties or untiring in the effort to secure useful garden hybrids. They include some of the most distinct forms in cultivation as well as the most beautiful.

It is possible that many readers have tried the Oncocyclus Iris, and found them unsuitable for their purpose. The conditions they can offer them are not such as will insure success. It is here that these hybrids will prove valuable. This group combines the principal attractions of both sections so far as color and form are concerned, the netted veining in many being exceedingly beautiful. In constitution, however, they are equal to the hardest of the Germanica section.

The varieties in this group are all May flowering, and



Iris Tristram (se p. 19).

vary from 1 to 2½ feet in height. Offered for late summer delivery only, and only a few plants of each for sale.

DILKUSH (Iberica x Pallida). A beautiful hybrid with very large rounded flowers and bold habit, standards violet with the richly netted veining of Iberica, falls reddish purple with black throat blotch and broad yellow beard. This grows 2 to 2½ ft. with us.....\$2.50 each

DORAK (Iberica x Cengialti—Pallida seedling). Standards soft blue violet, falls purple violet. It has the large flowers, bold habit and freedom of Dilkush, differing principally in the absence of veining in the standards.\$2.50 each

GIRAN (Iberica x Pallida). It is the reddest flower in the Dilkush group. The falls are a distinct crimson purple, and the style arms which are very showy are quite crimson. The flowers show much fine veining, have the typical large dark blotch, and a broad dark beard....\$3.00 each

HAMADAN (Paradoxa x Pallida) is perhaps the most free-flowering of all hybrids in this group, and is particularly beautiful when lit up by sunshine. The standards are light violet, the falls are deep purple violet spreading horizontally and half covered by the large broad black beard as in Paradoxa. 12-18 in.....\$2.00 each

ISMALI (Iberica x Pallida) is obviously a close relation of Dilkush, the standards are much paler than the falls.\$3.00 each

LADY LILFORD (Paradoxa x Pallida). A very beautiful late form, commencing to flower at the end of May. It has the form of Hamadan, but is very much larger and bolder, both in flower and habit. Standards deep violet purple, very large and round; falls blackish purple; beard black. 2½ ft.....\$2.50 each

NAZIRIN (Pallida x Iberica) is one of the most beautiful hybrids we have, marked by the smooth texture and almost self-coloring of the whole flower. The falls are light purplish-violet with a small throat blotch, the standards are a shade paler. There is no veining, and the coloring is unusually pure. 2 ft.....\$3.00 each

PARSAM (Paradoxa x Sambricina). Of the same parentage as Paracina, this is distinguished by its bolder habit, larger flowers, and the purity of the white ground of the fall under the violet netting. 15 in.....\$2.00 each

PARVAR (Paradoxa x Variegata). This is a most beautiful thing in full sunshine. Standards deep blackish-violet, falls horizontal as in Pardaoxa, almost black at the tip with dense veins, but showing a yellowish ground towards

the claw, broad maroon beard and old gold bronze style arms. One of the most distinct, an easy doer, and free flowerer. Not for sale until 1923.

SHIRIN (Iberica x Pallida). Standards large soft violet-purple, falls deeper and more purple. It belongs to the same group as Dilkush, but lacks the large black throat blotch. 2 ft.....\$3.00 each

MISCELLANEOUS SPECIES AND VARIETIES BEARDLESS IRIS

I have pleasure in offering here I. Chrysographes, I. fulvala, and other choice and rare species and hybrids. The other forms are much too little known, as they include some of the best garden plants in the genus. Irises Aurea, Delavayi, Monnierii, Monspur, Ochroleuca, and Pseudacorus grow admirably by waterside, their tall shafts or lovely flowers and long sword-like foliage appear to better effect in such situations. All will grow in any well-tilled border, however, but they should always be grown in full sunshine. For Fall delivery only.

AUREA. A noble species, and a grand border plant with large elegant golden-yellow flowers; it prefers a stiff loamy soil not too dry.....50c each

CHRYSOGRAPHES. A. M., R. H. S., June 3rd, 1914. A grassy leaved species introduced recently through E. H. Wilson, from China. It carries flowers of a richer and deeper shade of velvety violet purple than any other species, with one central line of gold down the falls and a few variable dots of gold at the throat. 2½ ft. Not for sale.

CRISTATA. Dwarf, free flowering, beautiful deep blue flowers, fringed and spotted orange; likes a warm situation and a damp soil. 3 in.....25c each

CUPREA. See Fulva.

FULVA. Very distinct and quaint, reddish copper color. 18 in. Not for sale this year.

FULVALA (Fulva x Lamancei). A. M., R. H. S., 1910. This handsome hybrid which we owe to Mr. Dykes, is intermediate in its character and habit between the parents. The red-purple flowers are a compromise between the terracotta of Fulva and the blue of Lamancei. It is a striking and valuable garden plant. Give rich soil and a well-drained warm site. During active growth these Irises must not be allowed to dry out. Not for sale this year.

GIGANTEA (*Orientalis*). See *Ochroleuca*.

GRACILIPES. A. M., R. H. S. Japanese species, neat rock plant, flowers prettily fimbriate like a miniature *Tectorum*, pale lilac with orange centers, very choice. 6 in.....
.....75c each

JAPONICA (*Fimbriata*). The earliest flowering variety. The flowers are three inches across and are flat in outline, pale lilac, and the edges of the petals are waved and crimped. The leaves are broad, deep green, and have a polished surface and contrast well with the flowers. Although hardy, will not flower outside except in very favored localities like California, as there is insufficient warmth in March and April, when the flowers should appear. Succeeds best as a cool greenhouse plant. 2 ft. On trial. Not for sale this year.

LAEVIGATA. I offer a small stock of cultivated roots of the true Japanese species which in foliage and flower is quite different from *I. Kämpferi*. The flowers are a very beautiful violet blue. 18 in.....\$1.50 each

LONGIPETALA. White suffused lilac beautifully veined; very elegant. 12-18 in.....25c each

MISSOURIENSIS. See *Tolmieana*.

MONAUREA (*Aurea* x *Monnierii*). Grand plant, very free, large flowers, midway between the two parents in shape, and of a deeper color than *Monnierii*, strongly recommended for damp sites and waterways. 6 ft. Fall delivery only50c each

MONNIERI. A. M., R. H. S. Deep primrose yellow, very handsome, late flowering, likes moisture, in the way of *Aurea*; a noble Iris. 4 ft. Fall delivery only. .50c each

OCHROLEUCA (*Orientalis*). Noble-growing hardy plant, producing large flowers of ivory whiteness, with orange yellow at the throat, of a stout texture, lasting in beauty for days, highly effective for decorative purposes. 6 ft.50c each

SHELFORD GIANT. A. M., R. H. S. (*Gigantea* x *Aurea*) (*Foster*). A giant form of *Orientalis* nearly six feet high with us. Standards creamy yellow, falls cream with broad orange blotch, very vigorous and handsome; stock limited. For Fall planting only.....\$1.50 each

STYLOSA (*Unguicularis*). Winter flowering, lavender blue; a great beauty. 12 in. In two sizes....15c and 25c each

ALBA. The lovely white form, scarce. 12 in.....25c each

SPECIOSA. A lovely variety, finest of all, dwarf foliage, bright purple flowers flushed with red. Summer delivery.....50c each

TECTORUM. Lovely Japanese Iris, with broad arching leaves, and rich blue flowers flattened as in Iris Kæmpferi, crests ivory white. 1 ft. This is the "Roof Iris" of Japan25c each

TOL-LONG (*Tolmieana x Longipetala*). This is a very free-flowering plant, intermediate in character between the parents. I think it one of the most charming border Irises. The flowers are a delightful shade of the palest lavender, and are beautifully veined. 1½ to 2 ft. Fall delivery only.....35c each

TOLMIEANA (syn. *Missouriensis*). Very pale lavender, one of the most beautiful colors to be found in the whole family of Irises, with yellow spot at the throat. 2 ft. Summer delivery35c each

O. M. PUDOR, Iris Specialist

PUYALLUP, WASHINGTON, U. S. A.



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To My Patrons

I wish to thank my customers for their generous orders, and the many testimonials of my stock for last season. My experience has been that the success of my Iris roots in all parts of the country is due to the firmness and healthy condition of the rhizomes produced by our soil and climate; the former being a rich alluvial sandy loam and well drained produces good, solid and vigorous roots, and the latter by its mildness and moisture during the winter and spring months and the dry warm summer months with hardly any rainfall, produces fine healthy rhizomes, absolutely free from pests and blights. For these reasons, I believe that "PUGET SOUND IRISES" lead the world.

Needless to say, I am constantly on the alert to improve my stock by the addition of new and meritorious varietites, and never offer to my patrons any varieties which I have not thoroughly tried and tested myself.

I furnish strong healthy roots, keeping up my standard of last year. All varieties carefully labeled, and will be mailed in proper planting time; some varieties we send out in the late summer or early Fall only, believing that they do not stand transplanting very well in the Spring.

The utmost care is always exercised in selecting every root I send out, and every one will have, at least, one good blooming eye that will produce one or more good flowering stalks under proper care, although some varieties will not bloom the first year. However, any mistake occurring on my part will be gladly rectified.

Postage pre-paid to all parts of the United States (except by the 100).

IT would be a difficult matter to decide which is the finest flower for gardens in summer time, but surely the claims of the summer-growing Irises would make them rank high in any list, whilst it would be difficult to name any plant that produces such gorgeous flowers with less care and attention from the grower. The summer Irises have an old-world charm, for they were favorites with our forebears, and they seem always to be found in the beds and borders of old-time establishments where the gardens seem as though they owe less to design than to a happy association of beautiful plants with the natural amenities of woodland and water.

—The Gardeners' Chronicle.

